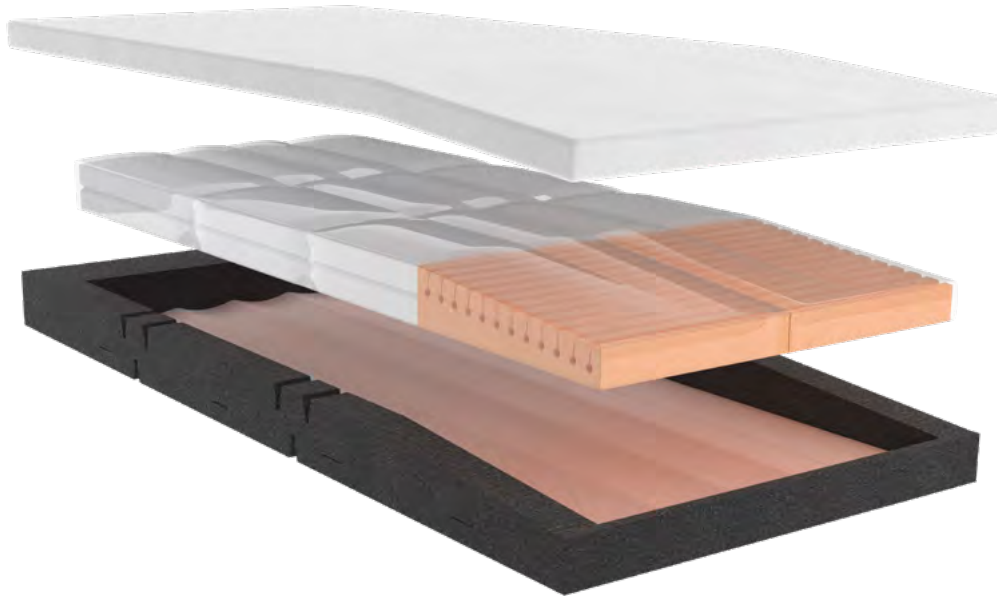


ALAISE Advanced Hybrid Static Care Support Surface

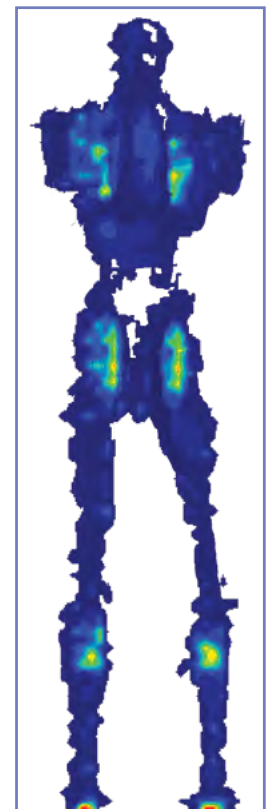
The Forté Alaise is an advanced Hybrid Static Care Support Surface combining together the pressure redistribution benefits of both foam and air. Utilising a series of 13+ individual Air Cells, it offers excellent comfort, anatomical support and pressure redistribution. The Alaise is ideal for long-term care applications where maximum pressure care is required with virtually zero maintenance.



CLINICAL PRESSURE MAPPING

Pressure Mapping for the *Alaise* was completed using the RESNA/NPIAP 50th Percentile Male Mannequin. The test dummy is manufactured in such a way that the major bony prominences of the human body are exaggerated, exhibiting peak pressure with no soft tissue. It would seem an initial PM view of the bony prominences (Occiput, Scapula, Sacrum, Heels etc.) appears excessive for a short interval however, the human body in fact becomes exponentially more vulnerable for these 'at-risk' regions over a longer interval with the "Damage-Spiral Initial Direct Deformation of the skin leading to Internal Inflammatory Response and then Ischemia,"^[1] At Forté Healthcare we utilise this Pressure Mapping test, employing the use of the RESNA Mannequin, as an essential tool in our Research & Development, ensuring every customer has a Support Surface performing to its peak. Additionally we can help minimise prevalence of Pressure Injuries.

Please note: Pressure Mapping is a commonly used tool in attaining clinical data on Interface Pressures, however Forté Healthcare acknowledges "it cannot be used to conclude on internal stresses and the stress concentration levels in deep vascularised tissues, particularly muscles."^[2] The Pressure Mapping example provided by Forté Healthcare is only intended for use as a clinical aid, "rather than a replacement to clinical judgement."^[3]



[1] Gefan A. The future of pressure ulcer prevention is here: Detecting and targeting inflammation early. EWMA Journal 2018 19(2)
 [2] A. Gefen & J. Levine (2007) The false premise in measuring body-support interface pressures for preventing serious pressure ulcers, Journal of Medical Engineering & Technology, 31:5, 375-380, DOI: 10.1080/03091900601165256
 [3] Dunk AM & Gardner A (2016) Body shape: a predictor for pressure injury risk, Wound Practice and Research, 24:2, 92-98, ISSN 2202-9729

TEKSCAN PRESSURE MEASUREMENT

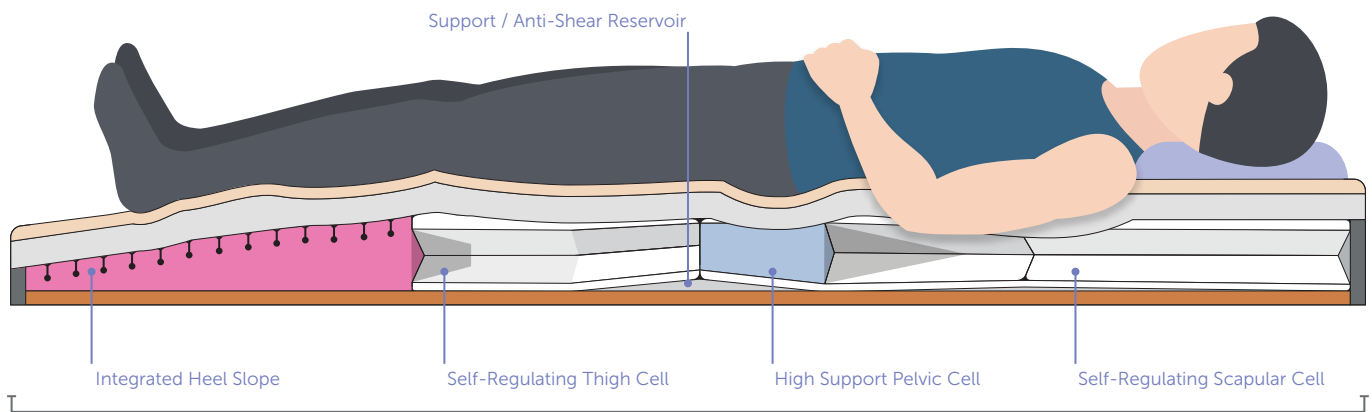
System: 7.20C	Rows: 104	Sensel Area: 2.89008cm ²	Micro Second: 0
Sensor Type: 5400D	Cols: 34	Seconds per Frame: 0.010319	Units: mmHg

PRESSURE MAPPING PARAMETERS

Bed Surface: Alrick, 2001WMKII Series Bed	Relative Humidity: 51%	Ambient Temperature: 21°C	Height: 178cm
Subject: 81kg, RESNA/NPIAP 50th percentile male mannequin	Duration: Pressure Mapping was captured after 6 hours of subject laying upon support surface		



FEATURES



4 x ANATOMICALLY ZONED AIR CELL STRUCTURE

IMPROVED BODY CONTACT AREA

One Major goal with any static pressure care support surface is to reduce high pressure points at any section of the body. "Reducing peak pressure can be achieved by ensuring maximum contact area between the support surface and the body."^[4]

» Maximum contact area is achieved in the *Alaise* using 5 separate 'banks' of air cells "arranged in zones corresponding to anatomical locations."^[5] For each individual area of the body, scapular, pelvic, calf, heel, each bank provides tailored immersion and envelopment relative to the specific size and weight of the individual.

» In addition, the Forté innovation team has included a reservoir system where some air from the sacral region redistributes to the posterior of the knee. The knee pit or popliteal is typically an area of the body that is not in contact with the support surface.

ENHANCED STABILITY, SAFER TRANSFERS

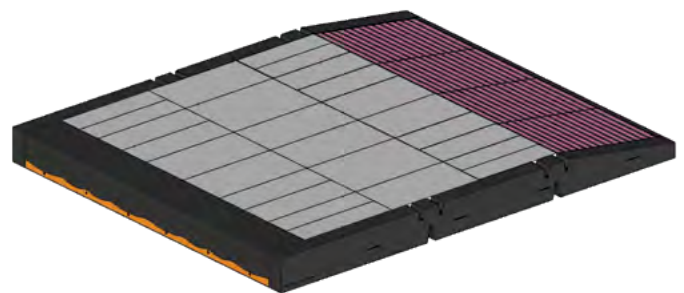


» Many Pressure Care Air systems currently in the market have very little control as to where the air can travel throughout the mattress in response to body movement. Instability is created by a traditional Left-to-right situated air cell during repositioning or transfers. The air cells within the Alaise, however, are contained in several cells horizontally (4+ Across), and vertically (scapular, pelvic, calf and heel) which prevent uncontrolled air from 'running away' to other areas of the mattress and maintains optimal transfer stability.

» Firm Strengthened sides are integral in pressure injury prevention and maintaining an independent life. Stiffened foam edges ensure complete stability for user positioning and for ease of primary care.

FULL LENGTH & WIDTH PRESSURE CARE SURFACE - In Any Size Configuration

» Many Static Air Systems do not include the Heel section of the mattress as part of the Air system, where the air cells stop at the calf area. The *Alaise* incorporates air cells from head to foot. The Calcanei (heels) are one of the most susceptible areas of the body for a Pressure Injury to develop ("accounting for approximately 40%"^[6]). The *Alaise* ensures that the heels are fully protected with dedicated air cells incorporating a heel slope with a softer Immersion area.



» The *Alaise* will include a Full Width Air System across all sizes from Single through to Queen and King, therefore Pressure Care is then guaranteed. No matter where a resident is situated on the mattress and no matter what size mattress is used, the *Alaise* has been designed to always have the air cells across the full width of the mattress.

